Volume-12 Feb. - 2023

Website: www.ejird.journalspark.org ISSN (E): 2720-5746

# DEVELOPMENT OF THE HEALTH CARE SYSTEM IN KASHKADARYA IN THE YEARS OF INDEPENDENCE

Aydinoy Ochilova, Teacher PhD

Niyozova Sitora, 4th Year Student Karshi State University Uzbekistan

#### Annotatsiya:

Sog'liqni saqlash sohasini isloh qilish davlat siyosatining eng muhim yo'nalishlaridan biridir. Bugungi kunda Sog'liqni saqlash sohasida amalga oshirilayotgan islohotlar o'z o'rnida tibbiy kadrlar tizimida ham jiddiy o'zgarishlarga asos bo'lmoqda. Bugungi kunga kelib nafaqat markazlarda balki, tuman va qishloqlarda ham tibbiyot sohasiga alohida e'tibor qaratilmoqda. Bu esa xalqimizga sifatli tibbiy xizmat ko'rsatishni yanada rivojlantirishga asos bo'lmoqda.

#### Аннотация:

Реформа здравоохранения является одним из важнейших направлений государственной политики. Сегодня реформы, проводимые в сфере здравоохранения, являются основой для серьезных изменений в системе медицинских кадров. На сегодняшний день особое внимание уделяется сфере медицины не только в центрах, но и в районах и селах. Это является основой для дальнейшего развития качественного медицинского обслуживания нашего населения.

#### Abstract:

Health care reform is one of the most important directions of state policy. Today, the reforms implemented in the field of health care are the basis for serious changes in the medical personnel system. To date, special attention is paid to the field of medicine not only in the centers, but also in the districts and villages. This is the basis for further development of quality medical services to our people.

**Kalit soʻzlar:** Sogʻliqni saqlash, tibbiyot, tibbiy ta'lim, Pandemiya, farmatsevtika, farmatsevtika, dori – darmon, yuqumli kasalliklar.

**Ключевые слова:** Здоровье, медицина, медицинское образование, пандемия, фармацевтика, фармацевтика, лекарства, инфекционные заболевания.

**Keywords**: Health, medicine, medical education, pandemic, pharmaceuticals, pharmaceuticals, medicines, infectious diseases.

Volume-12 Feb. - 2023

Website: www.ejird.journalspark.org ISSN (E): 2720-5746

We did not get confused in the face of an unexpected pandemic because our country started health care reforms on time and chose the right path. In order to protect the health and life of our people, all measures were immediately developed.

As our country's President Shavkat Mirziyoyev said, "Health care reform is one of the most important directions of state policy. After all, we can come to the only conclusion from this idea that independence allowed us to create a bright and great future by giving freedom and dignity to our people".

At the moment, in the context of the fight against a serious infectious disease - the coronavirus, paying serious attention to the issue of medicine, raising the medical literacy of the population and researching the historical experience in this regard is one of the urgent issues. Life itself has proven that one of the decisive factors in the fight against infectious diseases in the context of a pandemic is closely related to medical personnel. "To further improve the protection of public health, to make our people satisfied with the functioning of the medical system is the most important task of all of us"<sup>2</sup>. Today, the reforms implemented in the field of health care are the basis for serious changes in the medical personnel system. Uzbekistan has a unique historical tradition and experience in this field. In this sense, the work of training medical personnel in Uzbekistan, in particular, the historical process related to the opening of the first medical schools and medical institutes, has not been sufficiently studied by historians. The establishment of modern medical education and the use of the world's best practices require the illumination of the history of the field based on new methodological approaches and primary sources. A deep study of these processes and the development of suggestions and recommendations that serve the development of medical education are one of the most important problems today. In this very place, the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M. Mirziyoyev on May 5, 2017 PQ-2956 No. "On measures to further reform the medical education system in the Republic of Uzbekistan" dated May 6, 2019, PQ-4310- No. "On measures to further develop the system of medical and pharmaceutical education and science" , dated May 5, 2021 PF-6221-Decree No. "On creating the necessary conditions for consistent continuation of reforms in the health care system and increasing the capacity of medical workers" laid decrees laid the groundwork for eliminating problems and shortcomings in this field.

To date, special attention is paid to the field of medicine not only in the centers, but also in the districts and villages. This is the basis for further development of quality medical services to our people. In particular, great progress has been made in the field of medicine in our region.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Akram Akbarov, Doniyor Tursunov, Sharofat Ashurova, Shoyman Qodirov "Qashqadaryo tibbiyoti fidoyilari" kitobidan 2-qism.2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti SH.M.Mirziyoyevning tibbiyot sohasidagi dolzarb masalalardan muhokamasiga bag'ishlangan yig'ilishidagi nutqi/Xalq so'zi. 2017 yil 13-dekabr

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>O'bekiston Respublikasi Perzidentining 2019 yil 6-maydagi PQ-4310-son ''O'zbekiston Respublikasida tibbiy ta'lim tizimini yanada isloh qilish chora tadbirlari to'g'risida''gi QARORI //https://lex.uz/ru.docs/4931118

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidentining 2019 yil 6 maydagi PQ-4310-son ''Tibbiyot va farsevtika ta'limi va ilm-fani tizimini yanada rivojlantirish chora- tadbirlari to'g'risida''gi Qarori//Xalq so'zi.2019 yil, 7 may.-N\_93 (7323).-B.1- 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidentining 2021 yil 5 maydagi PF-6221-son ''Sog'liqni saqlash tizimida olib borilyotgan islohiyatlarni izchil davom ettirish va tibbiyot xodimlarining salohiyatini oshirish uchun zarur shart – sharoitlarni yaratish tog'risida''gi Farmoni//https://lex.uz//docs/5411129.

Volume-12 Feb. - 2023

Website: www.ejird.journalspark.org ISSN (E): 2720-5746

Many modern hospitals provide patient services. Thousands of our high-class, enthusiastic doctors who can be a salve for people's pain are at the service of the people. First President I.A. Karimov expressed the following opinion about such doctors. "Here we honor the work of our master growers, grain growers, workers or builders, awarding them heroic titles, and if necessary, erecting statues. These people deserve such high honor and respect, of course. But can you remember that Ibn Sina, not counting our grandfather, put up a single statue of doctors whose hard work is no less than representatives of other fields? Therefore, I would like us not to forget that not only our state and society, but also all of us are indebted to medical workers". As a proof of my word, high-class neurosurgeon Sanokulov Shavkat, who works in the city health care system of our region, high-class nephrologist Sharopov Akmal, as well as high-class resuscitator Azamat Bobilov, who has been providing quality medical services to our people for several years in the district medical association, high-class pediatrician Samandarova Dilbar Where there is movement, there are also shortcomings, of course. is one of them. Although we are making some progress in the field of medicine today, the appeals received from the population show that we still have a lot of work to do in this regard. As our head of state has repeatedly stated, "One of the urgent problems facing us is the insufficient quality of medical services provided to the population in the regions. It must be admitted that coming to the city of Tashkent to receive high-tech medical care from the regions causes many objections from the population"<sup>7</sup>- they said. In order to eliminate these problems, 134 of the leading specialists who took the initiative to work in the regions were sent to provide quality medical services in the regions. Many of our high-class specialists were sent to work in multidisciplinary medical centers in the regions, including children's hospitals, endocrinology, cardiology, antituberculosis, skin-genital dispensaries, branches of the oncology center, infectious diseases hospitals. It is not a secret to any of us that one of the most pressing issues that cause public protests is related to the emergency medical service. The fact that there are still not enough vehicles in the ambulance service, and there are interruptions in the supply of medicines, is proof of our shortcomings in this regard. In 2016, there were 806 first aid stations, and in 2017, this figure exceeded 2,100. Naturally, this is important in ensuring that each call arrives on time. Along with the services provided in this direction, it is also necessary to increase the culture of the population regarding the use of these services. With the decision to improve the development of the private sector of the health care system, the types of medical specialties that private medical institutions can engage in have been increased from 50 to 126. As a result, joint clinics with South Korea, India, and Turkey have been established in Tashkent, South Korea in Jizzakh, and India in Karshi, Kashkadarya region, providing effective medical services to our people. As in all fields, many joint agreements on the development of the field of cooperation with developed countries have been signed in the field of medicine, and scientific and practical research is being carried out in the field. In particular, in accordance with the cooperation agreement between the government of the Nizhegorod region of the Russian Federation and the government of the Kashkadarya region on April 5, 2021 in the trade-economic, scientific-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Karimov I.A. Inson, uning huquq va erkinliklari oliy qadriyat -Toshkent:O'zbekiston,1998.T.II. – B.90. 
<sup>7</sup>O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti Sh.M.Mirziyoyev 2017 yil 18 oktabr ''Sog'liq saqlash tizimini yanada takomillashtirish, tibbiy xizmat sifatini va samaradorligini oshirish''ga bag'ishlangan yig'ilishidan.

Volume-12 Feb. - 2023

Website: www.ejird.journalspark.org ISSN (E): 2720-5746

technical and humanitarian spheres, a video conference with Karshi State University and Privolzhsk Research Medical University on July 9, 2021 was established. At the meeting, opinions were heard on establishing cooperation between the two regions in the scientific, technical, and humanitarian fields, and several directions were opened within the framework of undergraduate education in order to train potential and high-quality personnel in the medical field of Kashkadarya region.

In particular, official agreements were signed on the establishment of 25 joint educational programs in the field of treatment, 25 in the field of pediatrics, and 25 in the field of pharmaceuticals. Many joint educational programs aimed at the development of the medical field, cooperation agreements on higher education with foreign countries are being signed in our province. For information, Karshi State University has signed international agreements with 37 Russian higher education institutions. Since 2019, Karshi State University has offered 3 master's programs in the form of 1+1, 3+1, 2+2, 4 bachelor's programs under the joint educational programs of Belgorod State National Research University of the Russian Federation, Privolzhsk Research Medical University and the Republic of Belarus. personnel are being trained within the directions. From year to year, the base of medical institutes expanded, and the number of professors and students working in them also increased. Of course, these positive changes and updates play an important role in improving the number and quality of qualified personnel in the medical system of our country, providing medical institutions in remote and remote areas with qualified specialists. "Also, in the following years, training personnel with in-depth knowledge in medicine based on modern educational standards, organizing targeted admissions in medical higher education institutions based on the needs of regions for doctors, and increasing the number of higher educational institutions in this direction the ongoing changes bring the personnel policy in the field to a qualitatively new level"8.

In a word, today the employees of the medical system do not stop for a moment from research, gaining experience and skills. The reforms in the medical system under the leadership of our President serve the noble purpose of pleasing our people today and strengthening their confidence in tomorrow. After all, President Sh. Mirziyoyev said, "Medical workers are guardians of our health. The people should trust them, and they should be able to convince the people".

#### **References:**

- 1. Akram Akbarov, Doniyor Tursunov, Sharofat Ashurova, Shoyman Qodirov ''Qashqadaryo tibbiyoti fidoyilari'' kitobidan 2-qism.2019.
- 2. O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti SH.M.Mirziyoyevning tibbiyot sohasidagi dolzarb masalalardan muhokamasiga bag'ishlangan yig'ilishidagi nutqi/Xalq so'zi. 2017 yil 13-dekabr
- 3. O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidentining 2019 yil 6 maydagi PQ-4310-son ''Tibbiyot va farsevtika ta'limi va ilm-fani tizimini yanada rivojlantirish chora- tadbirlari to'g'risida''gi Qarori//Xalq so'zi.2019 yil, 7 may.-N\_93 (7323).-B.1- 2.
- 4. "Xalq so'zi" gazetasi.№22.soni.02.02.2023

<sup>8 &</sup>quot;Xalq so'zi" gazetasi.№22.soni.02.02.2023"

Volume-12 Feb. - 2023

Website: www.ejird.journalspark.org

ISSN (E): 2720-5746

- 5. Karimov I.A. Inson, uning huquq va erkinliklari oliy qadriyat Toshkent:O'zbekiston,1998.T.II. B.90.
- 6. O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti Sh.M.Mirziyoyev 2017 yil 18 oktabr "Sog'liq saqlash tizimini yanada takomillashtirish, tibbiy xizmat sifatini va samaradorligini oshirish"ga bag'ishlangan yig'ilishidan.
- 7. O'zbekiston Respublikasi Perzidentining 2019 yil 6-maydagi PQ-4310-son "O'zbekiston Respublikasida tibbiy ta'lim tizimini yanada isloh qilish chora tadbirlari to'g'risida"gi QARORI //https://lex.uz/ru.docs/4931118
- 8. O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidentining 2021 yil 5 maydagi PF-6221-son ''Sog'liqni saqlash tizimida olib borilyotgan islohiyatlarni izchil davom ettirish va tibbiyot xodimlarining salohiyatini oshirish uchun zarur shart sharoitlarni yaratish tog'risida''gi Farmoni//https://lex.uz//docs/5411129.
- 9. Tashpulatov B. S. LOOKING AT THE HISTORY OF MEDICAL EDUCATION SYSTEM (ON THE EXAMPLE OF UZBEKISTAN) //Gospodarka i Innowacje. 2022. T. 23. C. 176-181.
- 10. Ташпулатов Б. Ш. XX АСРДА ТУРКИСТОНДА ТИББИЁТ ЙЎНАЛИШИ ТАЪЛИМ МУАССАСАЛАРИНИНГ ЙЎЛГА ҚЎЙИЛИШИ //ВЗГЛЯД В ПРОШЛОЕ. 2020. №. SI-1№ 3.
- 11. Ташпулатов Б. Ш. История Медицинских Институтов Узбекистана //ББК 1 Е91. 2020. С. 215.
- 12. Ташпулатов, Б. Ш. "Медицинское образование в Узбекистане." Электронный сетевой политематический журнал" Научные труды КубГТУ" 3 (2020): 480-486.
- 13. OChilova O. The History of the Emergence and Development of Medicine in the East //Gospodarka i Innowacje. 2022. T. 29. C. 268-272.
- 14. Муминова Г. Э., Очилова О. Р. НАРОДНОЕ МЕДИЦИНА И КОСТОПРАВСТВА //ББК 1 Е91. 2020. Т. 209.
- 15. Ochilova, Oydinoy. "POLICY OF REPRESSION AGAINST REPRESENTATIVES OF TRADITIONAL MEDICINE." *Oriental renaissance: Innovative, educational, natural and social sciences* 2.1 (2022): 719-124.